REVENUE SECRETARIAT

977

Dated 21st July 1948.

No. L. 877—Ml. 93-47-17. Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as amended from time to time, the Government are pleased to withdraw the acquisition of the properties bearing door Nos. 37 to 40, Kasiviswesvara temple street, III Division, Bangalore City, for extending the present Maternity Home as sanctioned in Notification No. L. 10289/Ml. 23-46-49 dated 20th January 1947 as they are said to be not required for the purpose originally intended.

3128 SYED ABDUL ALEEM, *Rev. Secy.*

LAW SECRETARIAT

Dated 23rd July 1948.

No. 880—Cts. 101-45-15. Government are pleased to direct that the Special First Class Magistrate's Court, Mysore, be aoblished with effect from 2nd August 1948.

On and from that date, *viz.*, 2nd August 1948 and conseqent on the abolition of the First Class Magistrate's Court, Mysore, the following redistribution of Jurisdiction among the several Courts is ordered:—

(*a*) The Munsiff and First Class Magistrate, Hunsur will exercise jurisdiction over First Class cases arising in the Taluks of Hunsur and Periyapatna and all Classes of cases (First, Second and Third) arising in the Heggaddevankote Taluk.

(*b*) The Second Munsiff, Mysore and First Class Magistrate will exercise jurisdiction over all Classes of cases of the T. Narsipur Taluk (except cases under the Municipal Act).

(*c*) The Munsiff and the First Class Magistrate, Krishnarajanagar, will exercise jurisdiction over all Classes of cases (First, Second and Third) arising in the Krishnarajanagar Taluk.

3138

Dated 23rd July 1948.

No. 881—Cts. 101-45-16. Under Sections 12 and 39 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, the Munsiff, Krishnarajanagar is, in virtue of his office, appointed a Magistrate of the First Class with Jurisdiction over all Classes of criminal cases (First, Second and Third Classes) arising within the local limits of the Krishnarajanagar Taluk and under Section 37 of the said Code, he is invested with all the additional powers specified in Schedule IV as powers with which a Magistrate of the First Class may be invested by Government except the following powers:—

(1) Power to try cases summarily under Section 260.

(2) Power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes (Section 407).

(3) Power to try cases of Sedition under Section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, as in force in Mysore.

3139

Dated 23rd July 1948.

No. 866—Cts. 101-45-12. In exercise of the powers conferred by the Mysore Civil Courts Act, I of 1883 and of all other powers enabling them in this behalf, Government are pleased to establish a Munsiff's Court at Krishnarajanagar with effect from 2nd August 1948, which will be designated as the Court of the Munsiff, Krishnarajanagar.

Under Section 5 of the said Act, the local jurisdiction of the Court of the Munsiff, Krishnarajanagar will extend over the Krishnarajanagar Taluk and Akkihebbal Hobli of Krishnarajpet Taluk.

Under Section 16 of the said Act, the Munsiff, Krishnarajanagar is invested with the jurisdiction of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such Court up to any amount not exceeding Rs. 100, arising within the jurisdiction mentioned above.

On and from 2nd August 1948, the Munsiff, Hunsur shall cease to exercise civil jurisdiction over the Krishnarajanagar Taluk and the Munsiff, Seringapatam over the Akkihebbal Hobli.

3140

Dated 23rd July 1948.

No. 870—Cts. 101-45-13. Under Sections 12 and 39 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1904, the Munsiff, Hunsur, is, in virtue of his office, appointed a Magistrate of the First Class with jurisdiction over all Classes of criminal cases (First, Second and Third Classes) arising within the local limits of the Taluks of Hunsur, Periyapatna and Heggaddevankote, and under Section 37 of the said Code, he is invested with all the additional powers specified in Schedule IV as powers with which a Magistrate of the First Class may be invested by Government except the following powers:—

(1) Power to try cases summarily under Section 260.

(2) Power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes under Section 407.

(3) Power to try cases of Sedition under Section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, as in force in Mysore.

3141

Dated 23rd July 1948

No. 886—Cts. 101-45-17. In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of the Mysore Civil Courts Act, I of 1883 as amended from time to time, Government are pleased to sanction the following alterations in the local limits of jurisdiction of the following Munsiffs' Courts and to fix the same as indicated in column 3 below, with effect from 2nd August 1948:—

Present local limits of jurisdiction	Local limits of jurisdiction as now sanctioned
1. Munsiff, Hunsur.	
The Taluks of Hunsur, Krishnarajanagar and Periyapatna.	The Taluks of Hunsur, Periyapatna and Heggaddevankote.
2. Second Munsiff, Mysore.	
The Taluks of T.-Narsipur excluding Bannur Hobli, Seringapatam Taluk, South of River Cauvery, Nanjangud Taluk North of Kapani River and the Taluk of Heggaddevankote.	The Taluk of T.-Narsipur excluding Bannur Hobli Nanjangud Taluk and North of Kapani River.
3. Munsiff, Seringapatam.	
Seringapatam Taluk excluding the portion of the South of the Cauvery River, Taluks of Krishnarajpet and French-Rocks and Bannur Hobli of T.-Narsipur Taluk.	The Taluks of Seringapatam and French Rocks and the Taluk of Krishnarajpet excluding Akkihebbal Hobli and Bannur Hobli) of T.-Narsipur Taluk.
4. Munsiff, Krishnarajanagar.	
.....	Krishnarajanagar Taluk and Akkihebbal Hobli of Krishnarajpet Taluk.

3142

Dated 23rd July 1948.

No. 875—Cts. 101-45-14. Under Sections 12 and 39 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, the Second Munsiff, Mysore, is, in virtue of his office, appointed a Magistrate of the First Class with jurisdiction over all classes of cases (First, Second and Third Classes) arising within the local limits of the T.-Narsipur Taluk (except cases under Municipal Act) and under Section 37 of the Code he is invested with all the additional powers specified in Schedule IV as powers with which a Magistrate of the First Class may be invested by Government except the following powers:—

(1) Power to try cases summarily under Section 260.

(2) Power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes under Section 407.

(3) Power to try cases of Sedition under Section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, as in force in Mysore.

3143 S. KANAKARATNARAJ, *Law Secy.*

REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Dated 22nd July 1948.

No. L. 831—Ml. 24-48-3. Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended from time to time it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for laying underground sewer line linking public office main to main void sewer M. H. No. 4.

Under Section 5-A it is directed that any person interested in the said properties may, within 30 days after the issue of the notification, prefer objections if any, thereto to the Municipal Commissioner, in writing, after which no objection will be heard.

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipality